

WOODROW WILSON DAY FEATURED BY ADDRESS

President Greeted at Shadow Lawn by Delegations and He Tells What Has Been Done—

Speech is Read by Democrats All Over Country.

(By Associated Press.)
Long Branch, Oct. 28.—A double celebration, "Woodrow Wilson day" and "Empire State day" was in progress at Shadow Lawn today.

While Democratic meetings were being held in this and other states, Mr. Wilson prepared a statement to be read before organization Democrats here and elsewhere.

Taking his motto, "Cooperation," President Wilson spoke here today at a meeting arranged by the Democratic national committee on "Wilson day." The president spoke for human suffrage and declared that American law had not kept step with other American forces.

He advocated a program for the future including the "making of courts," justice out of our courts of law and the establishment of their permanency.

President Wilson's address was delivered before the largest audience that ever gathered at Shadow Lawn.

The president's address follows:

"I am called 'Wilson Day' only because for six years, first as governor of New Jersey and then as president of the United States, I have been permitted to lead first a great and then a great national party along the ways of progress and of ordered and regenerated life, which people have sought and found. I have been held back from the organized power of selfish interests, and because the great honor has fallen to me of being chosen once more as a man and representative of the people who mean to hold the country along the ways of peace, humanity and progress. It is of these forces that I speak, and not of myself, who am merely their servant.

"What are these forces? Where do they spring? What have they accomplished, and what is their program and purpose for the future? The forces of humane, righteous and patriotic purpose which have sprung from our days in the minds of those who perceive the shortcomings of the world as it has hardened in America and who look forward with purpose and conviction to a new age in which government shall be indeed the servant of liberty and not of privilege. These are men who perceive that American law has not kept pace with American sentiment; that our law has been holding us rigid and immovable, and class has been, in free America, to be arrayed against class; until what was legal has become to play a more important part in our thoughts and determinations than what is human and right; and until America has begun to lag instead of lead in remedying what is with what ought to be.

"A new age had dawned upon us while those who were attempting to lead us were stumbling along with their heads over their shoulders, instead of preserving the conditions of a day that is gone. America had changed and the whole world had changed. Our commerce and industry had grown to such a bulk that the domestic markets of which our former leaders were always so solicitous were glutted and we were bound, unless we were to burst our markets, to find a free outlet into the markets of the world. The time had come when our commerce needed freedom and would be throttled by further restraints. We had acquired foreign possessions, had been drawn into the politics of the world, had begun to play a part which could not be played by provinces but must be played by citizens of the great world of nations. And yet we had not altered our policy or our point of view. The great European war has served at least to show us this one thing, that the world itself had changed; that it had become at once too big a world for the little world of our former destinies to the hostile rivalries and ambitions now of this and again of that member of the great family of nations; too compact, too intimate in its contracts, too universal in its ways of intercourse, to make it any longer possible to limit the effects of any nation's action to a single, separate sphere where the rest would be untouched. An inevitable partnership of interests has been thrust upon the nations. They are neighbors and must accommodate their interests to one another, or else disturb the lives and embarras the fortunes of men everywhere. No wonder that in such an age men in America should be cried awake and feel once more, as they felt them in the days when their great republic was set up on the foundations of humanity and of justice.

"These are the freshening winds blowing out of the life of mankind everywhere, that have brought on a new day in American politics. We have looked once more very critically at our own laws and our own practices and have set about to square them with the actual conditions of our life and the life of the world. Four years ago there were two parties in the field whose program was conceived under the influence of these great forces of progress and adjustment, the Democratic party and the Progressive party. This year there is but one, the Democratic party. In the presidential election of four years ago some fifteen million votes were cast. Of these, nearly ten and a half millions were cast for the candidates of the two progressive parties, only three and a half millions for the candidate of the Republican party, the party which lingered in the old ways and felt none of the new impulse of a new day. More than two-thirds of the voters of the United States favored them, and favor now, a program whose object is to serve the changing needs of humanity and progress.

The Democratic party was entrusted with the task. These powerful forces of the new age were put under its direction. And under that direction what have they accomplished? They have put both the business and the life of the country upon a new footing. They have released the financial credit, upon which commerce and production alike depend, from the control of small groups of financiers and bankers at the speculative centers. They have released the commerce and industry of the country from the domination of those who were building up their power by selfish and unfair methods of competition. They have supplied those who wished to conduct their business in conformity with the spirit of the laws with friendly guidance and delivered them from a nervous fear of the courts. They have released our foreign trade from the shackles of a tariff contrived in the interest of special groups of favored producers, and have created a tariff Commission intended to substitute public for private influences, facts for theories and pretensions, in all future legislation with regard to duties and restrictions on imports. They have made provisions for the immediate and systematic development of our carrying trade on the seas. They have at last supplied the means by which the nation may be bound together, materially and spiritually, by a network of good roads upon which both commodities and sympathies may move freely from community to community. They have put the farmer upon a footing of perfect equality with business men of all other callings in respect of his access to commercial credit; have placed a great bureau of the government at his service in seeking and finding his best markets; have protected him by the establishment of definite standards in the sale of his products, and have put the scientific knowledge of the world at his disposal by practical demonstration at the expense of the government upon the farms themselves. They have emancipated the laborers of the country from the unjust restraints which the courts had put upon them by mistaken applications of old law to new circumstances and conditions. They have released the children of the country in large part from hurtful labor; have sought to safeguard the lives and the health of our laborers in dangerous occupations; and have endeavored to free the government itself at the service of those who seek employment. And most of these things have been done within the brief limits of a single administration.

And still the great work is not finished. It can never be rounded off and concluded so long as circumstances change and the fortunes and relations of men shift and alter. The question you have to decide one week from next Tuesday is whether it shall be permanently interrupted, perhaps for a generation to come, and all the generous forces of the age and of the world throw back upon themselves in discouragement and confusion. The program remaining is as great as the program accomplished. The procedure of our courts is antiquated and a hindrance, not an aid, in the just administration of the law. We must simplify and reform it as other enlightened nations have done, and make the courts of justice out of our courts of law. We must seek and find the means of bringing capital and labor to a clear understanding of their common interests, which are no other than the interests of the nation itself as a community. We must release our great undeveloped natural resources upon some sensible plan of use and conservation. We must recruit the votes of forward-looking men by the votes of women so that we may have a fresh insight in all matters of social reform and move more certainly and more promptly in the solution of the many new problems of society with which the law must henceforth deal. We must unite the Americas, North and South, in a new sympathy and cooperation. We must seek justice and the right through every channel that offers; and we must put America in all its force, in all its wealth, alike of physical power and spiritual enthusiasm, at the service of the other nations of the world when peace comes on the other side of the seas, to make the peace permanently by establishing it on the everlasting foundations of right, cooperation, equality and justice. These things we must do, and all else that may serve mankind. And our motto must be "Cooperation," the union, not the hostile rivalry, of the forces of society within the nation and within the family of nations. The interests of mankind can never again be served by aggression; the interest of no nation or group of nations can ever again be served by aggression. The contest of jealousy as is bitter and as dangerous as the contest of arms. The world must henceforth seek the means of accommodation, not the means of arresting quarrels merely. The nation we love and serve must be among the first and foremost of those that rise to the new ideals with spirit and well-directed force. Our own reforms, our own actions in the

SOME CONTESTS OF GREATEST INTEREST DEMOCRATS AGAIN

(By Associated Press.)
Atlanta, Oct. 28.—Passing the mid-season with practically all of the teams in the best of condition southern football teams today entered upon the heaviest part of the schedule with six teams of championship calibre on the list. In addition to this, there was the Georgia-Navy battle at Annapolis, which is attracting more than usual interest in the south, owing to Georgia's defeat of Virginia last Saturday.

Attention in the far south was centered largely on the Vanderbilt-Virginia contest at Nashville, the first really big game in this section, and the Georgia Tech-Washington and Lee struggle here. Vanderbilt, because of Virginia's defeat by Georgia, and her showing prior to that time, was a favorite.

Washington and Lee came to Atlanta today for its first big southern game and notice of the strength of the generals had the effect of keeping down in any optimism in the Atlanta camp.

Owing to the fact that Georgia did not use several of its regulars in the Virginia contest and the possibility that these may get in the navy contest, there has been much speculation to what the Georgians may do. Among four other contests in this section, Louisiana State and Sewanee at New Orleans are being watched with interest. Just how much of the scoring machine has been developed at Auburn may be known after the Mississippi-Auburn contest, while the Tennessee University eleven is expected to have one of its hardest battles against Florida.

North Carolina meets Virginia Military Institute at Chapel Hill, North Carolina A. and M. meets Virginia Polytechnic Institute at Norfolk, and Wake Forest was scheduled to play the Norfolk Blues.

TAR HEEL TROOPS REMAIN ON BORDER

The North Carolina rifle team, coached by Capt. Geo. L. Lyerly of Hickory, was 10th in the list at the target shooting at Jacksonville, Fla., this week, and competed against 59 other teams. That was an exceedingly good record and was much better than that made last year by the North Carolina team.

In a letter to Maj. G. W. Paine, Captain Lyerly says that the Tar Heel troops have been ordered to go into winter quarters at El Paso and this means that the soldiers will be kept on the border until spring, the captain believes.

FOOTBALL SEASON HEIGHT IN EAST

New York, Oct. 28.—The football season in the east reached the high water mark today. The Harvard-Cornell game at Cambridge is of most interest as Cornell last year reached the top.

All the big colleges have large games today. Princeton, whose eleven is said to be further advanced than other big elevens in the east.

OVER MILLION DOLLARS FOR DEMOCRATIC FUND

New York, Oct. 28.—Cleveland H. Dodge, who graduated from Princeton with President Wilson in '79, heads the list of contributors to the Democratic campaign fund, according to a preliminary report which was filed with the clerk of the house of representatives today by Wilbur M. Marsh, treasurer of the Democratic national committee. The report accounts for contributions of \$1,006,382, the amount received up to and including October 24. Of this sum, Mr. Dodge gave \$50,000. Since then he has contributed an additional \$29,000, making the total \$79,000. R. J. Reynolds of Winston-Salem, N. C., has contributed \$10,000.

The number of contributions was given as 41,882. The amount received in contributions of less than \$100, was \$261,846. The contributions from those giving more than \$100 was \$744,436. One entry reads, "Woodrow Wilson, Washington, D. C., \$2,500."

Interest of justice and humanity must be the earnest of our spirit and purpose in the affairs of the world outside our own borders. Such is the prospect, such is the program, my fellow-citizens, to which we look forward to which we are engaged in the most arduous and irremissible ardor. We will not pause in the midst of our task. We know that we stand at one of the most critical junctures in the history of the world, when all hopes hang in the balance. We will suffer no man, no body of men, through timidity or fear of jealousy, to delay or hinder or embarrass us. Reaction can have no place of tolerance amongst us when all the world waits upon those who plan justice and progress. I summon you, not only to sustain, but to swell the hosts that have their faces now set toward the light, their eyes lifted to the horizon, where the dawn of a new age begins to brighten; and I summon you with confidence, with a certain expectation of the part America and her great people are to play when the dawn broadens into day.

HUGHES SCORES FINE RECORD BY SCHOOLS IN PARADE

(By Associated Press.)
Newark, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Chas. E. Hughes today told an audience of farmers here that America could have neither peace nor security until she was prepared to maintain the known rights of her citizens on land and sea. "Our opponents have told us, in very explicit terms," he said, "that the constitutional rights of American citizens should follow them throughout the world and that wherever they are engaged in lawful undertaking protection should be given them. I believe in that declaration. That promise has not been kept and protection has been denied."

REPUBLICANS SPENT NEARLY TWO MILLION

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Oct. 28.—Republican campaign contributions up to October 23 inclusive were \$1,667,757.29, according to the national committee's report published here today. This amount came from 22,226 contributors.

FAIR WEATHER FOR WEEK IS PROMISED

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Oct. 28.—Fair weather and moderate temperatures are forecast for the southeastern states for the week beginning tomorrow and by Thursday colder weather will set in. Rain is forecast the latter part of the week.

M'ADOO CLAIMS THREE BIG STATES

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Oct. 28.—Secretary of the Treasury M'Adoo returning today after a campaign tour through Tennessee and the middle west, claimed New York, Ohio, and Indiana for the Democratic party.

BISHOPS DECLINE TO SIGN DECLARATION

(By Associated Press.)
St. Louis, Oct. 28.—The house of bishops of the Protestant Episcopal convention today failed to concur in the plan for the election by a majority of bishops as adopted by the house of deputies.

GASTONIA RAISES \$25,000 ON MORRIS BANK PLAN

Gastonia, Oct. 28.—Following a call issued in this afternoon's paper for a meeting of business men to consider the desirability of establishing here a Morris plan bank a number of business men met and in a few minutes subscribed twenty-five thousand dollars of the proposed fifty-thousand dollar capital. The remainder will be easily secured. An organization will be perfected next week.

MARKETS

COTTON FUTURES.		
December	18.97	18.85
January	18.90	18.83
March	18.85	18.97
May	19.09	19.10
July	19.10	19.13

HICKORY MARKETS		
Cotton	183.4	
Wheat	183.4	

CHICAGO WHEAT

(By Associated Press.)
Chicago, Oct. 28.—Advancing quotations at Liverpool led to a fresh upturn today in wheat. Opening prices which ranged from one cent to three cents higher with December at 1.88 3/4 and May at 1.85 to 1.87, were followed by a further rise and then a reaction.

THE WEATHER

For North Carolina: Fair tonight and Sunday. Warmer in the interior; northeast winds, fresh to strong off the coast.

CATAWBA COUNTY FAIR ENDS IN BLAZE OF GLORY

Fireworks Display Friday Night Fitting Culmination of Successful Week--Several Good Races Pulled Off--Winners in All Contests Announced.

The 1916 Catawba County Fair really ended in a blaze of glory, and old glory, too, if you looked at the flag. In every way the first number in the permanent grounds was a complete success, and this was not the least case because the gate receipts ran above \$2,500. The people who enjoyed the fair helped in paying for the improvements and will help towards making next year's event, work on the preparation of which will begin at once, better in every way than this.

The crowds Friday were not as large as on Wednesday and Thursday but the night audience was a big one and the fireworks was the light that pointed the way. The display, which continued for more than half an hour, was under the direction of Mr. John M. Stephens, manager of the Southern Public Utilities Company, and it was done to perfection. The booming of the big crackers, the gorgeous fantasies of the rockets, the pirouetting—pardon the word—of the candles, and the twisting of other pyrotechnic illuminations held the crowd enthralled during the whole performance.

SOME BIG LAND SALES

Mr. C. T. Morrison, manager of the Piedmont Realty and Auction Company, will conduct a big land sale in Lincoln today, and it is expected that all the lots will be disposed of readily. The most successful sale conducted recently was that at Cherryville when Mr. Morrison sold \$10,000 worth of lots. On Monday he will begin advertising the 400 acre tract of the estate of the late W. J. Morrison in Cleveland county and this will be sold on November 17 and 18.

COPELAND-BLACK CASE BEFORE JURY

Galveston, Tex., Oct. 28.—The defense rested at 12:17 p. m. today after completing its rebuttal in the case of John Copeland, charged with the murder of William Black, anti-Catholic lecturer. The defense announced that it was willing for the case to go to the jury without argument. Counsel for the state objected, arguing that the defense was prejudicing the state's case by its offer. The objection was sustained by the court and a half hour recess was taken to arrange for the arguments and charge.

CHARTER IS GRANTED STEAMSHIP COMPANY

(By Associated Press.)
Raleigh, Oct. 28.—Application for charter for the Cape Fear Trading Company of Wilmington, with a capital of \$100,000, all of which has been subscribed was filed with the secretary of state today. The corporation purposes to purchase steamships for the coastal trade.

HUGHES BUSY TODAY MAKING SPEECHES

(By Associated Press.)
Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Chas. E. Hughes left Rochester today to continue his campaign through New York. The nominee's program calls for three speeches in the day and night speeches at other points.

NEW DIMES PUT IN CIRCULATION

(By Associated Press.)
Philadelphia, Oct. 28.—The new ten cent pieces were put into circulation today for the first time. About \$190,000 was issued to banks and trust companies.

STATESVILLE CHARTER

(By Associated Press.)
Raleigh, Oct. 28.—The Carolina Acid Wood Company of Statesville filed an application for charter today. The capital stock of the concern is \$75,000, of which \$60,000 has been paid in. The corporation will buy and sell lumber and timber; lands and build and operate sawmills.

Mr. J. S. Carr of Charlotte is the guest of his son, Mr. E. Carr.

Mr. C. C. Greene of Charlotte is spending the week-end with his wife, who is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. White.

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The winners at the finals for all races at the fair were:
Running Race—Walter Miller first; Tom Thompson, second.
Children's Driving Class—Robert Ross, first; Dr. C. R. Russell, second.
Saddle Horse Class—Robert Ransom first; Lee Carlton, second.
Mule Race—C. R. Poovey, first; Geo. Peeler, second.
Ladies' Driving Class—Mrs. Pruet (Lenoir), first; Miss Annie Downum, second.
Pony Race—Miles Adaholt, first; Long Hefner, second.
Gentlemen's Double Team Driving Class—T. L. Henkel, first; Brown Bros. (Black Mountain) second.
Motorcycle Race—Bryan Wilfong first; M. G. Setzer, second.
Automobile Drive—Cary Turbyfill first; Charles Robins, second; Henry Winkler, third.

BOMB DROPS ON BRITAIN'S NOTE

EMPEROR'S TRAIN SURRENDERS LITTLE

(By Associated Press.)
Paris, Oct. 28.—A bomb dropped by an aviator of the entente allies has killed the engineer driving the train of Emperor William of Germany, according to information received at Zurich, Switzerland.

CATAWBA COUNTY DREW MANY FROM CALDWELL

The Catawba Fair at Hickory is a big success, according to the Caldwell folks who have been down to take in the sights. During the past two days several hundred people have been over to Hickory to touch elbows with the Catawba neighbors and all have brought back glowing accounts of the exhibits.

The beef cattle and dairy exhibits seem to have attracted most attention. The dairy cattle exhibit of Mr. R. L. Shuford, said Steele Greer, would put a shade on any exhibit in the country. Mr. Greer was also loud in his praise of the beef cattle exhibit, saying that it would be well for those people who think that prize-winning beef cattle can be raised on the other side of the ridge only to visit the Catawba Fair. The idea would be dispelled immediately if they could see some of the specimens on exhibit in Hickory this week, he said. "They are the first I ever saw," he continued, "and it is worth any man's time to go down and see them."—Lencir News.

DEUTSCHLAND EXPECTED AT VIRGINIA CAPES ANY HOUR

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 28.—The German undersea merchantman, the Deutschland, according to reports in circulation here, is due at the Virginia Capes in the next few hours, en route to Baltimore. It is declared she sailed from Bremen two weeks ago and successfully eluded all British patrol boats safely reaching the broad Atlantic ocean.

GASTONIA MAN KILLED BY A FALL YESTERDAY

Gastonia, Oct. 28.—Fred Edwards aged 25, employed in construction work on the Parkdale mills here, fell from a scaffold 15 feet, to the ground and died an hour later in a local hospital from fractured skull without having regained consciousness.

Austro-German Drive on Rumania Continues With No Signs of Diminution

(By Associated Press.)
The Teutonic drive against Rumania continues with little diminished velocity, successes for both von Mackensen and General von Falkenhayn being announced. Hirsowa on the Danube has been occupied by the Bulgarians. According to unofficial reports from Petrograd a notable advance has been made by the Austro-German forces in Rumania from the north. These forces are said to have reached a point 22 miles north of the Rumanian border. North of the Moldavian frontier of Rumania, where a more successful stand has been made, the Russo-Rumanian defense appears to be weakening. Petrograd reports a strong offensive by the Austro-German forces, where violent attacks have been made against the Russo-Rumanian army. Supposedly in an effort to relieve the hard-pressed Rumanians the Russians are reported on the eve of a great offensive in Galicia and Volhynia. This report comes from Rome in a wireless dispatch. The French are pressing their new offensive in the Verdun region, and according to Paris have captured the quarry northeast of Douaumont. Berlin declares several trench attacks in the Douaumont region of the new French gains were repulsed. On the Somme front Berlin announces the repulse of strong attacks by the French and British.